

## Drinking Water Safety

We are often reminded of the dangers of drinking untreated water from natural sources, and often these reminders are both very extreme and very unpleasant.
Recent studies have shown that in New Zealand each year, one in four people drink water that is substandard or untested, and these reports have consistently confirmed the relationship between drinking water quality and gastro-intestinal disease. Over the years, ample evidence has emerged to confirm the significant risk of drinking water that is either untreated or inadequately treated.
In urban areas, people expect that the water from their municipal supply is treated to prevent the transmission of waterborne contaminants, but many families in rural areas, drawing from their own local water sources, remain as exposed as ever to the risk of infections. Such is the risk that studies have shown that some people are even resigned to expect gastric upsets as an inevitable risk, but with the technology that Huwa-San can now offer, this is no longer the case

In the past, the problem that has discouraged people from routinely treating their water is that the only available methods usually involved the use of chlorine, which firstly was difficult, and secondly, often resulted in water that was unpleasant to drink.

Huwa.San offers solutions to both these problems. It is safe and easy to use, very effective, and even if accidentally misused, will not cause the water to become unpleasant. It is now possible, using Huwa-San to regularly treat the water, whether from a rainwater catchment area, spring or bore, stream or pond, with both ease and safety. More importantly, the safety of $\rightleftarrows$ the water is achieved totally without the use of chlorine or other unpleasant chemicals. $903+2$

Water Treatment as easy as A-B-C

Step A
Ensure that your collection and storage system is clean and healthy. This includes roof areas, gutters and down-pipes. Ensure the storage tank is cleaned properly and drain any low spots in the delivery system to the tank. Your collection system should be properly designed and where possible, include leaf screens, strainers, and first-flush diverters and other devices to ensure the water collected is of the highest standard.

Select the correct dose rate from the chart on the right considering the condition of the water storage system and the water, and add to the tank at the most convenient position.

## Step C

Allow time for Huwa.San Tank Treatment to mix and react in the tank. During this time, the water will still be safe to use, but disinfection may not be complete.

## Dose Selection

Under normal conditions, your 2 litre bottle of Huwa.San Tank Treatment will be sufficient for tanks up to 22,000 litres. For first use, or if known problems exist in the tank, it is safe to add at least twice this normal dose without risk.

## Huwa-San Tank Treatment Dosing

| Tank Water Qty (litres) | Normal Dose | Shock Dose |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,000 | 100 ml | 200 ml |
| 10,000 | 1 litre | 2 litres |
| 20,000 | 2 litres | 4 litres |
| 30,000 | 3 litres | 6 litres |
| Contact Time | 24 hours | 24 hours |
| Selecting the Correct Dose |  |  |

For normal well maintained tanks regularly cleaned:and treated with Huwa.San

For initial treâtment, problem tanks, or tanks not regularly treated with Huwa.San

Shock Dose
tanks not regularly treated with Huwa.San $\quad$ Shock Dose

## Huwa.San Tank Treatment is

- Tasteless and odourless
- Effective against bacteria, viruses, fungi and algae
- More effective and longer lasting than chlorine or bromine
- Suitable for the disinfection of stored water and emergency drinking water
- Stable and long lasting
- Ecologically harmless, biodegradable and nonpolluting
- Safe and easy to handle
- Does not form harmful disinfection by-products in the water
- Leaves the water fresh, pure and healthy

